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TESNIT® BA-202 is our standard gasket sheet, suitable for sealing applications at low operating conditions.

## PROPERTIES

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Composition	Organic fibers bonded with NBR. Available with wire reinforcement on request.
Colour	Pink / Red
Properties	Very good chemical resistance against gases, oils and fuels. Also highly water resistant.
Appropriate industries	Pipeline systems, water supply industry, machine building.

SURFACE TREATMENTS	DIMENSIONS OF STANDARD SHEETS	
Surface treatment is 2AS. Other surface treatments including graphite and PTFE are available on request.	Sheet size (mm): 1500 x 1500   3000 x 1500   4500 x 1500 Thickness (mm): 0.5   1.0   1.5   2.0   3.0 Other dimensions and thicknesses are available on request.	
	<b>Tolerances:</b> +/- 5 % on length and width On thickness up to 1.0 mm +/- 0.1 mm On thickness above 1.0 mm +/- 10 %	

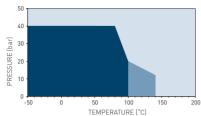
# TECHNICAL DATA Typical values for a thickness of 2 mm

Density	DIN 28090-2	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.8
Compressibility	ASTM F36J	%	9
Recovery	ASTM F36J	%	60
Tensile strength	ASTM F152	МРа	8
Stress resistance	DIN 52913		
16 h, 50 MPa, 175 °C		МРа	20
16 h, 50 MPa, 300 °C		МРа	/
Specific leak rate	DIN 3535-6	mg/(s·m)	0.06
Thickness increase	ASTM F146		
Oil IRM 903, 5 h, 150 °C		%	10
ASTM Fuel B, 5 h, 23 °C		%	10
Compression modulus	DIN 28090-2		
At room temperature: $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{ extsf{ksw}}$		%	/
At elevated temperature: $\epsilon_{_{WSW/200^{\circ}C}}$		%	/
Percentage creep relaxation	DIN 28090-2		
At room temperature: $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{_{KRW}}$		%	/
At elevated temperature: $\pmb{\mathcal{E}}_{_{\mathrm{WRW/200\ ^{\circ}C}}}$		%	/
Max. operating conditions			
Peak temperature		°C/°F	180/356
Continuous temperature		°C/°F	140/284
- with steam		°C/°F	120/248
Pressure		bar/psi	40/580

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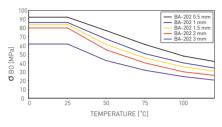
#### **P-T DIAGRAM**

EN 1514-1, Type IBC, PN 40, DIN 28091-2 / 3.8, 2.0 mm



### $\sigma_{B0}$ DIAGRAM

DIN 28090-1



#### **CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART**

Ad Ace

Alum Δlumi Alumi Ammoniu Ammo Ammoni

Ba

Cal Calci С

Carb

Dimeth

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The recommendations made here are intended to be a guideline for the selection of the suitable gasket quality. Because the function and durability of the products depend upon a number of factors, the data may not be used to support any warranty claims.

AcetamideC C C C C Acetic acid 100%C C C C C Acetic acid 100%C 	
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Acetic acid 100%Image: Constraint of the sector	
Acetic esterImage: Constraint of the sector of	
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onium hydroxide     Image: Amyl acetate     Image: Amyl acetate<	
onium hydroxide     Image: Amyl acetate     Image: Amyl acetate<	
Anitine       Hydrazine       Propane         Asphatt       Hydrochloric acid 20%       Propane         Barium chloride       Hydrochloric acid 36%       Projane         Benzone       Hydrofluoric acid 10%       Salicylic acid         Benzoic acid       Hydrofluoric acid 40%       Salicylic acid         Boric acid       Hydrofluoric acid 40%       Salicylic acid         Boric acid       Hydrogen       Solum aluminate         Butane       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium bicarbonate         Butyl alcohol       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium carbonate         Salcium chloride       Lead arsenate       Sodium carbonate	
Anitine       Hydrazine       Propane         Asphatt       Hydrochloric acid 20%       Propane         Barium chloride       Hydrochloric acid 36%       Projane         Benzone       Hydrofluoric acid 10%       Salicylic acid         Benzoic acid       Hydrofluoric acid 40%       Salicylic acid         Boric acid       Hydrofluoric acid 40%       Salicylic acid         Boric acid       Hydrogen       Solum aluminate         Butane       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium bicarbonate         Butyl alcohol       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium carbonate         Salcium chloride       Lead arsenate       Sodium carbonate	Õ
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Butane       Isooctane       Sodium bicarbonate         Butynic acid       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium bisulphite         Butynic acid       Eaclium chloride       Sodium carbonate         Sodium hydroxide       Isopropyl alcohol       Sodium carbonate	Đ
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arbon disulphide 🤤 Malic acid 🕕 Sodium sulphate	Ð
Chloroform 🕜 Methane 🕕 Sodium sulphide	Đ
Chlorine, dry 😑 Methanol 🕒 Starch	Ð
Chlorine, wet 😑 Methyl chloride 📀 Steam	0
Chromic acid 😑 Methylene dichloride 🖨 Stearic acid	Ð
Citric acid 🕂 Methyl ethyl ketone 📀 Sugar	Ð
Copper acetate	•
Creosote 😑 Mineral oil type ASTM no.1 🕒 Sulphuric acid 96%	•
Cresol 😑 Naphtha 📀 Tar	Ð
Cyclohexanol 🕀 Nitric acid 20% 😑 Tartaric acid	Ð
Cyclohexanone 🖨 Nitric acid 40% 🤤 Toluene	0
Decalin 😢 Nitric acid 96% 😑 Transformer oil	0
Dibenzyl ether 😑 Nitrobenzene 🤤 Trichlorethylene	0
ethyl formamide 😑 Nitrogen 🕀 Water	0
Dowtherm 😢 Octane 💡 White spirit	
Ethane 🕂 Oleic acid 🕂 Xylene	0

All information and data quoted are based on years of experience in production and operation of sealing elements. The data may not be used to support any warranty claims. This edition cancels all previous issues and is a subject to change without further notice.

- General suitability using common installation practices under the condition of chemical compatibility.
- Maximum performance is ensured through appropriate measures for joint design and gasket installation. Consultation is recommended.
- Limited application area. Technical consultation is mandatory.

Pressure - Temperature diagrams are the most current method for determining the suitability of a gasket material in a known application. Maximum figures for temperature and pressure can be misleading. Max. temperature and max. pressure represent maximum values and should not be used simultaneously. They are given only for guidance, since these max. values depend not only on the type of gasket material used but also on the assembly conditions. Please use the Pressure - Temperature diagrams to check the suitability of the chosen gasket material for your application (combination of pressure and temperature).

This diagram describes characteristic values of gasket materials for static seal for use in flanged applications. Given the wide range of gasket applications, these values should merely be considered as a means of assembling the sealing behaviour of gasket under service conditions. Sigma diagram shows the maximal allowed surface pressure (maximum in-service compressive pressure) on gasket at operating service temperature for different material thicknesses.





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Issue date: 8. 12. 2014

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